



**Chapter 4**

Score

**Section Quiz 4-1**

**DIRECTIONS: Matching** Match the items in Column A with the items in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks. (10 points each)

**Column A**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. important New England industry
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. crops that sold easily
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. cultural variety
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. near Appalachian Mountains
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. governed slaves

**Column B**

- A.** cash crops
- B.** backcountry
- C.** slave codes
- D.** shipbuilding
- E.** diversity

**DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice** In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. (10 points each)

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Which of the following means producing just enough to meet the families' needs, with little left over to sell or exchange?
  - A.** harvesting
  - B.** subsistence farming
  - C.** cash crop
  - D.** Tidewater farming
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. The most inhuman aspect of the triangular trade was the
  - A.** Southern Route.
  - B.** merchant trade route.
  - C.** Middle Passage.
  - D.** fishing trade.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Where were most of the large Southern plantations located?
  - A.** backcountry
  - B.** Tidewater
  - C.** coastal areas
  - D.** flatlands
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. The plantation bosses who kept the enslaved Africans working hard were called
  - A.** overseers.
  - B.** slaveholders.
  - C.** employers.
  - D.** supervisors.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Which group controlled the economic and political life of the Southern Colonies?
  - A.** merchants
  - B.** teachers
  - C.** farmers
  - D.** plantation owners